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10/698,670	10/31/2003	Ruth E. Leibig	2003P12088US	3568
7590 06/06/2005			EXAMINER	
Siemens Corporation			JAWORSKI, FRANCIS J	
Attn: Elsa Keller, Legal Administrator Intellectual Property Department			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
170 Wood Avenue South			3737	
Iselin, NJ 088	30		DATE MAILED: 06/06/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/698,670	LEIBIG ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jaworski Francis J.	3737	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr e, cause the application to become ABANDO	days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication. INED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 F 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under the condition of the condi	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters,		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-46 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-15 and 17-46 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 16 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Setion is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applic prity documents have been rece nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No sived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Mai 5) Notice of Information		

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 103 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

[Parenthesized claim number(s) represent the claim or claims being addressed by the immediately preceding rejection.]

Claims 1 - 3, 9, 20, 29, 44 and new claim 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Roth (US5315512) in view of Urbano (US5976088) or Hossack et al (US5924991).

Roth teaches an ultrasound diagnostic system and method including structure and steps for use of:

an event recognition processor 110 within processing subsystem 100 which processor operates to

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a. recognize an event (ECG trigger and under optional interpretation a respiratory extremum and under further optional interpretation the selecting i.e. not discarding only those of the ECG and/or respiratory gates associated with non-anomalous intervals, see 650 of Fig. 6 and 755 of Fig. 7) via the respective physiologic monitors shown in Fig. 1 soas to constitute a subset of an ultrasound examination, and

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- b. select a portion of the ultrasound examination to be marked as well as stored
 (col. 9 lines 14 16 pertain to this selective retention for further processing) by
 performing:
- i. automatic time marking of the events using time-of-day marking (col. 6 lines 34 43),
 - ii. effectively a causing of the events to be so-marked,
- iii. automatically storing the one or more events (see step 431 of Fig. 4) and therefore
 - iv. automatically causing the events to be stored
- v. automatically terminating storage of a portion of the ultrasound exam (in Roth et al the storage selectivity is practiced on an image frame cluster about the trigger time, see col. 7 lines 31 36. The actual terminating of storage is then decision output NO of protocol step 875 in Fig. 8B ending digitization and storage 865, 866 and 870) and therefore

vi. automatically causing termination of storage of a portion of the ultrasound exam.

Roth does not specifically suggest triggering on a non-cyclic event. However it would have been obvious in view of Urbano et al cols. 18-19 bridging that one may take a single pre-and post contrast agent image at a particular heart cycle point which respective images are characterizable as non-cyclic since they occur only once for each state of obtainance. In the alternative, Hossack et al in col. 11 lines 1-6 suggests breath-holding during obtainance of an ultrasound image set or automation of breath-held gating by use of a chest displacement or thermal airflow sensor. In the latter case one would automatically obtain images based upon a non-cyclic one-time breath-holding event (Claim 1).

Since Roth operates retrospectively, all data sets are captured and reviewed for distinguishing events and selection and marking for digitization and frther storage.

(Claim 29).

Since in Roth an interrupt to the processor 110 is manually provided by the operator if the probe position status is unsuitable for any reason, see col. 6 lines 26 – 29, such a structure is capable of manual triggering if a stationary probe position is not maintained, and would provide an inhibitory override to frame selection. Since claim 2 does not indicate in its wording that the event recognition of the base claim is referenced ('said distinguished event' for example) then the above interpretation is anticipatory against the language as stated. (Claim 2).

Element 755 of Fig. 7 effectively recognizes an ECG irregularity such as an extra-systole as 'a distinguished event' (not a 'said automatically distinguished event', see claim 2 reasoning) which impacts selection. (Claim 3).

Since the selection in Roth occurs subsequent to the time marking the frames which are captured are set to cluster about the trigger point, see col. 7 lines 30 – 37 hence late diastole/atrial systole phase might constitute the first portion of the exam and ventricular contraction after the R-wave trigger indicating onset of contraction would constitute the second portion. (Claim 9).

Roth et al further notes that either direct or retrospective digitization governed by the selectivity may be practiced dependent on how static or rapidly changing the region being evaluated is, see col. 6 lines 30 – 36. (Claims 20, 44).

[Note: these selectivity/marking processes are 'manual' to the extent that the operator ultimately dictates the rejection/retention criteria with respect to anomalous physiologic cycles as well as the frame clustering within an ideal retention cycle, see col. 7 lines 23 – 30 and col. 11 lines 2 – 12. However these are a 'priming' or initializing of the system after which the digitized image acquisition including associated markings and acquisitions proceeds 'automatically' without further user prompts.]

Claims 2, 33 – 35 are further rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roth in view of Urbano et al or Hossack et al as argued against claims 1, 29 further in view of Mo et al (US6012458)...

Roth as noted is directed to automatic marking and selection of image frames for digitization and display retention. Roth et al does not explicitly teach the recognition of a substantially stationary probe as a ('said automatically selected') distinguishing event under narrow interpretation since in Roth only certain probe position artifact circumstances are identified and then only manually acted upon by the operator, again see col. 6 lines 26 – 29, However it would have been obvious in view of Mo et al col. 6 lines 4 – 19 to automatically inhibit frame retention in Roth based upon a non-stationarity threshold between images, meaning retain frames only associated with a substantially stationary probe and/or slow probe advance since Mo et al is similarly directed to volumetric scanning (col. 2 lines 26 – 33) and to an untethered or freehand scan (col. 3 lines 8 – 28) analogous to the spatial locator system centered on element 150 of Roth. (Claims 2, 33 - 35).

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roth in view of Urbano et al or Hossack et al as applied to claim1 above, and further in view of Hoff et al (US6315730). Whereas Roth is silent as to relationship with contrast brightness change, it would have been obvious in view of Hoff et al col. 7 lines 12 – 24 to associate the ECG triggering with the onset of wash-in of contrast agent and therefore with contrast brightness change as a distinguishing event since this can serve to identify regions of hypo-perfused cardiac tissue. (Claim 4).

Claims 5 – 8, 10 – 11, 21-28, 30, 36, 38 - 43 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roth in view of Urbano et al or Hossack et al as applied to claims 1, 20 or 29 above, and further in view of Ramamurthy et al

(US5846202). Roth per se is silent as to the use of Doppler events including color Doppler jetting as a distinguishing event either as a broad interpretation of claim language (meaning not necessarily governed by the antecedent terminology, i.e. 'said automatically marked or selected event' not implied.) or as a narrow interpretation, since Doppler mode is never addressed. However it would have been obvious in view of Ramamurthy et al col. 13 lines 45 – 67 to use various imaging modalities including Doppler with pulse Doppler as a trigger, including a jetting or highest velocity of color Doppler as a trigger in substitution for the ECG trigger in Roth since Ramamurthy et al elsewhere note (col. 9 lines 3 – 20 and col. 11 lines 48 – 50) that highest value Doppler indicative of high mean flow would be useful in measuring arterial perfusion, e.g. in a coronary artery. (Claims 5, 36, 39)...

In Roth et al as modified by Ramamurthy et al Fig. 4D, the event recognition processor would act to recognize a pair of events 72(2), 74(2) which brackets the portion (2) of the ultrasound examination of interest, and selects or activates for color Doppler display the temporal portion of frames which occurs in between this pair of events. In the alternative, Ramamurthy et al directly proposes that plural triggers associated with differing distinguishing events may be used, see col. 8 lines 29 – 39. (Claims 6, 38, 40).

Such an action in Roth if practiced retrospectively from initial storage would necessarily be associated with markers identifying the begin-trigger and end-trigger points. (Claim 7).

Insofar as the sequence repeats as 72(3), 74(3) then each subset 72(N), 74(N) is marked or captured by the recognition processor along with additional portions of the exam 72(N-1), 74(N-1) prior to the exam and after the exam, 72(N+1), 74(N+1). (Claims 8, 21 - 22, 26, 30, 41).

Since the B-mode imaging continues throughout, it is characterizable as a preview or post-view subset of frames during the selection intervals where color Doppler is not being produced and whose intervals are identifiable by the markers which identify the Doppler storage intervals. (Claims 27 – 28, 42 - 43).

Whereas Roth is further silent as to select amongst retention states based upon characterization of a feature, it would have been obvious in view of Ramamurthy et al e.g. col. 9 lines 3 – 18 and col. 13 lines 57 – 60 to select a final retention state of highest Doppler mean velocity or energy or variance based upon mathematical characterization of this parameter within each image frame, and to cause display of the final frame stored for this feature characterization of e.g. coronary blood pool motion. (Claims 10, 11, 23 – 25, 39, 45).

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roth in view of Urbano et al or Hossack et al, further in view of Ramamurthy et al as applied to claim10 above, and further in view of Hoff et al since whereas the former is silent as to brightness change as a characterizing feature the latter indicates that triggering can be adapted based upon the ECG trigger gating such as taught in Roth to act on a change in brightness soas to track wash-in of a contrast agent for purposes of perfusion study. (Claim 12).

Claims 13, 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roth in view of Urbano et al or Hossack et al as applied to claims 1 or 29 above, and further in view of Ramamurthy et al as the latter was applied above, further in view of Holupka (UD5810007). Whereas the former are silent as to image cropping, it would have been obvious in view of the latter col. 6 lines 19 – 27 to crop the image produced by Roth as modified for Doppler mode by Ramamurthy et al since Holupka et al note that it was conventional to automatically crop an image to exclude data not associated with the particular imaging modality hence for Doppler flow data the echo data from static anatomy in the periphery of the image frame would be such a category of data which is unnecessary for a flow mode study. (Claims 13, 32).

Claims 14 – 15 and 17 – 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roth in view of Urbano et al or Hossack et al as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Greer et al (US5959622). The former is silent as to indicators of image selection capture. However it would have been obvious in view of the latter to provide audible or visible indication of capture, the latter in a way that is suitable for display to represent progression on a graphical user interface such as a symbol or increment of a number when triggering capture is prior-ordered to occur automatically since there would otherwise be no immediate prompt to the user that the previously ordered event capture had by now occurred. (Claims 14 – 15, 17 – 19).

Claim 31 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roth et al in view of Hossack et al or Urbano et al, further in view of Ramamurthy et al as applied to claim 30 above, and further in view of Hossack et al (US6042545). Whereas

the former are silent as to use of decimation, it would have been obvious in view of Hossack et al col. 7 lines 56 – 66 to practice decimation of data in association with a selection system as per col. 2 lines 50 – 65 since this facilitates the application of preliminary filtering and applied gain for example. (Claim 31).

Claims 37 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roth in view of Urbano et al or Hossack et al, further in view of Ramamurthy et al as applied to claim 36 above, and further in view of Hoff et al which as noted above in relation to deficiency of teaching in Roth teaches determinations made in conjunction with change of brightness when a contrast wash-in protocol is being used.. (Claim 37)

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 16 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Since the secondary teachings evidence that pre- and post-contrast imaging as well as breathholding imaging if governed by automated detection are non-cyclic event-based image capture variants the rejected claims are still opposed regarding patentability.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Jaworski Francis J. at telephone number 1 - 571 - 272 - 4738.

Francis J. Jaworekt Primary Examiner

FJJ:fjj

05-30-05